## What is claimed is

1. A metallocenyl-phthalocyanine or its metal complex of a divalent metal, oxometal, halogenometal or hydroxymetal, in which at least one of the four phenyl rings of the phthalocyanines contains, bound via a bridge unit E, at least one metallocene radical as substituent, E being composed of a chain of at least two atoms or atom groups selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -C(=O)-, -CH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)-, -C(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>-, -NH-, -S-, -O- and -CH=CH-.

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2. A metallocenyl-phthalocyanine of formula I

wherein

M<sub>1</sub> is a divalent metal, an oxometal group, halogenometal group or hydroxymetal group, or two hydrogen atoms,

X is halogen

 $Y_1$  is  $-OR_1$ ,  $-OOC-R_2$ ,  $-NHR_1$ ,  $-N(R_1)R_2$ ,

 $Y_2$  is -SR<sub>1</sub>,

R<sub>3</sub> ' is

R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> are each independently of the other hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, diarylphosphine, or phosphorus-containing C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl,

x may be a rational number from 0 to 8  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  may be each independently of the other a rational number from 0 to 6

z may be a number from 1 to 4, wherein  $(x + y_1 + y_2 + z)$  is  $\leq 16$ ,

and wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  may be each independently of the other

 $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ alkylamino or  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$ dialkylamino and which may be interrupted by  $-O_-$ ,  $-S_-$ ,  $-NH_-$  or  $-NR_{10}_-$ , wherein  $R_{10}$  may be  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,

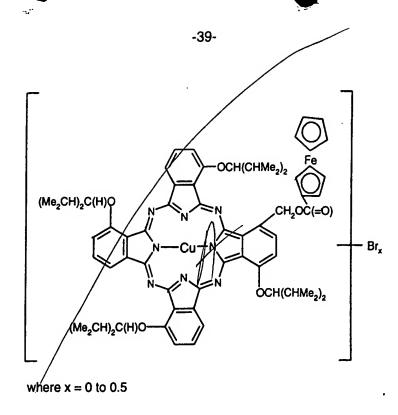
C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>cycloalkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aryl or C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>18</sub>aralkyl,

and wherein one or two ligands may optionally be bound to the divalent metal atom, the oxometal group, halogenometal group or hydroxymetal group, and E is as defined in claim 1.

3. A metallocenyl-phthalocyanine of formula

where x = 2.6 to 3.0, preferably 2.7 to 2.9, more preferably 2.8

4/A metallocenyl-phthalocyanine of formula



5. A mixture, which comprises

(a) 60 to 95 mol % of a compound II

containing one radical  $R_3$  (z = 1),

(b) 5 to 20 mol % of a compound II containing two radicals  $R_3$  (z=2), and

(c) 0 to 25 mol % of a compound IV

wherein -OR<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> =  $\backslash$ R<sub>14</sub>, X and M<sub>3</sub> each have the same meaning in formulae II and IV and are as defined in claim 2, the mol-% amounts making up 100%.

- 6. A mixture, which comprises
- (a) 60 to 95 mol % of a compound II according to claim 5, wherein R<sub>11</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>alkyl and M<sub>3</sub> is palladium or copper, and z is 1,
- (b) 5 to 20 mol % of a compound II according to claim 5 containing two  $R_3$  (z = 2), and
- (c) 0 to 25 mol % of a compound/IV according to claim 5, wherein R<sub>14</sub> may be -CHO, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -COOH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl or an acetal, and z may be 1 or 2,

wherein  $-OR_{11}$ ,  $R_3 = R_{14}$ , X and  $M_3$  each have the same meanings in formulae II and IV and are as defined for claim 2, the mol-% amounts making up 100%.

7. A process for the preparation of the metallocenyl-phthalocyanine according to claim 1 by esterifying a phthalocyanine with a metallocene derivative, wherein the phthalocyanine used is the phthalocyanine of formula V

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wherein R<sub>15</sub> may be a hydroxy-, carboxy- or acid chloride-containing radical, and the other radicals are as defined in claim 2, and wherein the metallocene derivative used is a compound selected from the group consisting of a hydroxy-, carboxy- and acid chloride-containing metallocene,

the esterification being carried out in a manner known per se by reacting the phthalocyanine V (or the metallocene) containing a hydroxy-containing radical with the corresponding metallocene (or phthalocyanine) containing a carboxy- or acid chloride-containing radical, and wherein Cp is



, and  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  are as defined in claim 2.

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- 8. Method of using the compound according to claim 1 in a manner known per se for the production of an optical recording medium.
- 9. An optical recording medium, which comprises a metallocenyl-phthalocyanine according to claim 1.
- 10. An optical recording medium according to claim 9, which consists of a transparent substrate, a recording layer on that substrate, a reflection layer on the recording layer and, if desired, a final protective layer, the recording layer comprising the metallocenyl-phthalocyanine according to claim 1.
- 11. Method of using/the optical recording medium according to claim 9 for the optical recording, storage/and reproduction of information, for the production of diffractive-optical elements or for the recording of holograms in a manner known per se.

